QUEBEC PRECIOUS METALS CORPORATION

CHARTER OF THE AUDIT AND RISK MANAGEMENT COMMITTEE

I. **Purpose**

The Audit and Risk Management Committee of Quebec Precious Metals Corporation ("QPM" or the "Corporation") is a committee of directors (the "Audit Committee") appointed by the Board of Directors of QPM (the "Board"). The Audit Committee's mandate is to provide assistance to the Board in fulfilling its financial reporting and control responsibility to the shareholders and the investment community. The Audit Committee is, however, independent of the Board and the Corporation and in carrying out their role shall have the ability to determine its own agenda and any additional activities that the Audit Committee shall carry out.

II. Composition

The Audit Committee will be comprised of at least three directors of the Corporation, the majority of whom, subject to any exemptions set out in Multilateral Instrument 52-110 *Audit Committees* ("MI 52-110") will be independent and financially literate. An "independent" director is a director who has no direct or indirect material relationship with the Corporation. A "material relationship" is a relationship which could, in the view of the Board of Directors, be reasonably expected to interfere with the exercise of the director's independent judgement or a relationship deemed to be a material relationship pursuant to Sections 1.4 and 1.5 of MI 52-110. A "financially literate" director is a director who has the ability to read and understand a set of financial instruments that present a breadth and level of complexity of accounting issues that are generally comparable to the breadth and complexity of the issues that can reasonably be expected to be raised by the financial statements of the Corporation.

III. Responsibilities

Responsibilities of the Audit Committee generally include, but are not limited to, the undertaking of the following tasks:

- Selecting and determining the compensation of the external auditors, subject to approval of the shareholders of the Corporation, to be nominated for the purpose of preparing or issuing an auditor's report or performing other audit, review or attest services for the Corporation. In making such determination and recommendation to the Board and to the shareholders, the Audit Committee will:
 - confirm the independence of the auditors and report to the Board its conclusions on the independence of the auditors and the basis for these conclusions;

- meet with the auditors and financial management to review the scope of the proposed audit for the current year, and the audit procedures to be used; and

- obtain from the external auditors' confirmation that they are participants in good standing in the Canadian Public Accountability Board oversight program and, if applicable, in compliance with the provisions of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002 (U.S.) and other legal or regulatory requirements with respect to the audit of the financial statements of the Corporation.

- Overseeing the work of the external auditor engaged for the purpose of preparing or issuing an auditor's report or performing other audit, review or attest services for the Corporation, including the resolution of disagreements between management and the external auditor regarding financial reporting. In overseeing such work, the Audit Committee will:
 - review with the external auditors any audit problems or difficulties and management's response;
 - at least annually obtain and review a report prepared by the external auditors describing (i) the auditors' internal quality-control procedures; and (ii) any material issues raised by the most recent internal quality-control review, or peer review, of the auditors, and reviewing any steps taken to deal with such issues;
 - serve as an independent and objective party to monitor the Corporation's financial reporting process and internal control system and overseeing management's reporting on internal control;
 - provide open lines of communication among the external auditors, financial and senior management, and the Board for financial reporting and control matters;
 - make inquires of management and the external auditors to identify significant business, political, financial and control risks and exposures and assess the steps management has taken to minimize such risks to the Corporation;
 - establish procedures to ensure that the Audit Committee meets with the external auditors on a regular basis in the absence of management;
 - ensure that the external auditors prepare and deliver annually a detailed report covering (i) critical accounting policies and practices to be used; (ii) material alternative treatments of financial information within generally accepted accounting principles that have been discussed with management, ramifications of the use of such alternative disclosures and treatments, and the treatment preferred by the external auditors; (iii) other material written communications between the external auditors and management such as any management letter or schedule of

unadjusted differences; and (iv) such other aspects as may be required by the Audit Committee or legal or regulatory requirements;

- consider any reports or communications (and management's responses thereto) submitted to the Audit Committee by the external auditors, including reports and communications related to:
 - deficiencies noted following the audit of the design and operation of internal controls;
 - consideration of fraud in the audit of the financial statement;
 - detection of illegal acts;
 - the external auditors' responsibility under generally accepted auditing standards;
 - significant accounting policies;
 - management judgements and accounting estimates;
 - adjustments arising from the audit;
 - the responsibility of the external auditors for other information in documents containing audited financial statements;
 - disagreements with management;
 - consultation by management with other accountants;
 - major issues discussed with management prior to retention of the external auditors;
 - difficulties encountered with management in performing the audit;
 - the external auditors' judgements about the quality of the entity's accounting principles; and
 - any reviews of unaudited interim financial information conducted by the external auditors;
- review the form of opinion the external auditors propose to render to the Audit Committee, the Board and shareholders; and
- discuss significant changes to the Corporation's auditing and accounting principles, policies, controls, procedures and practices proposed or contemplated by the external auditors or management, and the financial impact thereof.
- Pre-approving all non-audit services to be provided to the Corporation or its subsidiaries by the Corporation's external auditor, subject to any exemptions

set out in MI 52-110. Notwithstanding the pre-approval process, the Audit Committee will ensure that the external auditors are prohibited from providing the following non-audit services and will determine which other non-audit services the external auditors are prohibited from providing:

- bookkeeping or other services related to the accounting records or financial statements of the Corporation;
- financial information systems design and implementation;
- appraisal or valuation services, fairness opinions, or contribution-in-kind reports;
- actuarial services;
- internal audit outsourcing services;
- management functions or human resources;
- broker, dealer, investment adviser or investment banking services;
- legal services; and
- any other service that the Audit Committee determines to be impermissible.
- Ensuring that the external auditors submit annually to the Corporation and the Audit Committee, a formal written statement of the fees billed for each of the following categories of services rendered by the external auditors: (i) the audit of the Corporation's annual financial statements for the most recent fiscal year and, if applicable, the reviews of the financial statements included in the Corporation's Quarterly Reports for that fiscal year; and (ii) all other services rendered by the external auditors for the most recent fiscal year, in the aggregate and by each service.
- Reviewing the Corporation's financial statements, Management's Discussion and Analysis and annual and interim earnings press releases before the Corporation publicly discloses the information. In connection with such review, the Audit Committee will ensure that:
 - (a) management has reviewed the financial statements with the Audit Committee, including significant judgments affecting the financial statements;
 - (b) the members of the Audit Committee have discussed among themselves, without management or the external auditors present, the information disclosed to the Audit Committee; and

- (c) the Audit Committee has received the assurance of both financial management and the external auditors that the Corporation's financial statements are fairly presented in conformity with International Financial Reporting Standards ("IFRS") and Canadian GAAP in all material respects.
- Ensuring that adequate procedures are in place for the review of the Corporation's public disclosure of financial information extracted or derived from the Corporation's financial statements, other than the public disclosure referred to above, and periodically assessing the adequacy of those procedures.
- Reviewing, evaluating and monitoring any risk management program implemented by the Corporation, including any revenue protection program. This function should include:
- risk assessment;
- quantification of exposure;
- risk mitigation measures; and
- risk reporting.
 - Periodically access and review the effectiveness of the Corporation's procedures for the identification, assessment, reporting and management of risks including the areas of crisis management, capital expenditure, taxation strategy, funding, commodity and foreign exchange and interest rate exposure, insurance coverage, fraud and information systems technology.
 - Reviewing the adequacy of the resources of the finance and accounting group, along with its development and succession plans.
 - Establishing procedures for:
 - the receipt, retention and treatment of complaints received by the Corporation regarding accounting, internal accounting controls, or auditing matters; and

- the confidential, anonymous submission by employees of the Corporation of concerns regarding questionable accounting or auditing matters.

- Reviewing and approving the Corporation's hiring policies regarding partners, employees and former partners and employees of the present and former external auditor of the Corporation.
- Annually reviewing and revising this Charter as necessary with the approval of the Board and the text relating to this Charter, which is required to appear in the Annual Information Form of the Corporation, as more specifically set out in Form 52-110FI *Audit Committee Information Required in an AIF*.

- Reviewing and assessing the adequacy of the Code of Business Conduct and Ethics governing the officers, directors and employees of the Corporation and the Code of Ethics governing Financial Reporting Officers at least annually or otherwise, as it deems appropriate, and propose recommended changes to the Board.
- Reporting its activities to the Board on a regular basis and making such recommendations with respect to the above and other matters as the Audit Committee may deem necessary or appropriate.
- Reviewing and discussing with management, and approving all related party transactions.

IV. Authority

The Audit Committee has the authority to:

- Engage independent counsel and other advisors as the Audit Committee determines necessary to carry out its duties;
- Set and pay the compensation for any advisors employed by the Audit Committee, in accordance with applicable corporate statutes; and
- Communicate directly with the external auditors.

V. Administrative Procedures

- The Audit Committee will meet regularly and whenever necessary to perform the duties described above in a timely manner, but not less than four times a year. Meetings may be held at any time deemed appropriate by the Audit Committee and by means of conference call or similar communications equipment by means of which all persons participating in the meeting can hear each other.
- A quorum for the transaction of business at any meeting of the Audit Committee shall be a majority of the number of members of the Committee or such greater number as the Committee shall by resolution determine.
- Meetings of the Audit Committee shall be held from time to time as the Audit Committee or the Chairman shall determine upon 48 hours notice to each of its members. The notice period may be waived by a quorum of the Audit Committee.
- At the discretion of the Audit Committee, meetings may be held with representatives of the external auditors and appropriate members of management.

- The external auditors will have direct access to the Audit Committee at their own initiative.
- The Chairman of the Audit Committee will report periodically to the Board.

Approved by the Board of Directors of QPM. on June 10, 2019.